

**READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS COMPLETELY AND THOROUGHLY UNDERSTAND THEM BEFORE DOING ANYTHING.  
CALL TOTAL CONTROL PRODUCTS TECH SUPPORT (916) 388-0288 IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE.**

# INSTALLATION GUIDE



## TCP RCKP-55

**Power Rack & Pinion - Right-Hand Drive**

**1971-1973 Mustang/Cougar**

**Small-Block or Big-Block Engines**



**Description:** High-clearance power TCP Rack & Pinion with mounting brackets and hardware ONLY. Bracket and center-link combination increases oil-pan and exhaust header clearance. **This product requires installation of bump steer kit (TCP TIER-XX) to maintain correct steering geometry.**

**Applications:** Fits '71-73 Mustang/Cougar (right-hand drive - Australia) with small-block or big-block V8

**Notes:** The TCP Rack & Pinion has been engineered to work with the TCP power steering pump as a matched system. Using an alternate pump is not recommended or supported and will not yield optimum results.

**FLUID REQUIREMENT:** The only medium recommended for use in our rack-and-pinion system is petroleum (OIL). DO NOT USE SILICONE SYNTHETIC FLUID, any automatic transmission fluid, or any fluid containing a "resealing" additive. Materials such as silicones, brake fluids, water-or glycol-based hydrostatic fluids, and phosphate ester-based aviation hydraulic fluids like Skydrol are incompatible with the seals in the servo and cylinder and will cause them to swell, shrink, crack, or even dissolve. Damage or leaks caused by use of these fluids voids the manufacturer's warranty.

**If the label does not say "Contents: Petroleum Oil" do not use it.**

**Approved Fluids:**

**United States** - NAPA Brand – PSF 9832 (1 qt.), PSF 9801 (1 gal.), NHF 85401 (1 gal.)

**Canada** - NVO 15040 (10 liter) -

**Europe** - Pentosin CHF7.1 - 1404106 (BMW/Audi dealerships)

# PARTS LIST

## RCKP-55 - Power Rack and Pinion, Increased Clearance SB or BB Mustang Right Hand Drive

Qty	Part Number	Description
1	7900-293	Mounting bracket and frame plate kit
1	TCP EE-02	Eccentric eliminator kit
1	TCP RCKP-55	Power rack and pinion, right-hand drive, increased clearance
1	TCP ISFT-05	Intermediate steering shaft with U-joints
1	TCP TIER-03	Rack tie-rod adapters

## 7900-293 - Mounting Bracket Set

Qty	Part Number	Description
3	7900-100	Clamp collar drilled half
2	7900-117	Lower-arm bracket
1	7900-237	Frame bracket, passenger side
1	7900-290	Mounting plate (weld-in), driver side
1	7900-291	Mounting plate (weld-in), passenger side
1	7900-294	Frame C-notch plate
1	7918-073	Hardware bag

## 7918-073 - Hardware Bag

Qty	Part Number	Description
2	3100-050-C1.50Y	Bolt, 1/2-13 x 1-1/2" hex head Grade 8
2	3100-050-C4.50Y	Bolt, 1/2-13 x 4-1/2" hex head Grade 8
2	3101-050-13C	Locknut, 1/2-13 nylon insert
6	3103-031F1.00C	Socket head, 5/16-24 x 1" cap screw
6	3108-031H-S	High-collar lockwasher, 5/16", stainless steel
2	3108-050L-C	Lockwasher 1/2" regular
6	3120-050S-Y	Washer, 1/2" hardened flat SAE
2	7900-022	Frame spacer, 1.175 x 1.875 x .25 thick, slotted
2	7900-203	Frame spacer, 1.175 x 1.875 x .125 thick, slotted

# INSTRUCTIONS

A detailed video is available online that covers basic installation. Visit the rack and pinion page of the TCP website for viewing.

[www.totalcontrolproducts.com/rack.html](http://www.totalcontrolproducts.com/rack.html)



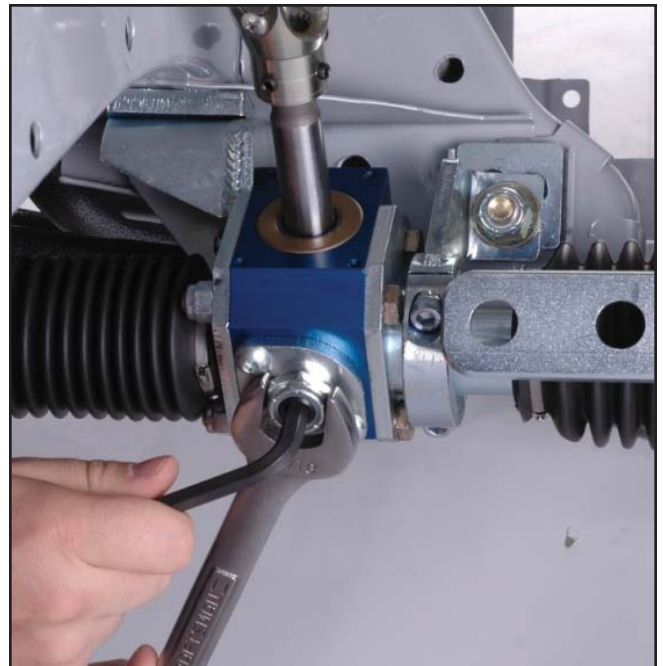
## TROUBLE SHOOTING

*The following images are from installation on a left-hand drive vehicle; orientation will be opposite as shown.*

### Check for Binding

At each step of final tightening, the rack must be checked for binding or tightness throughout its range of travel. A slight bend in the rack tube or the tube being pinched into a slight oval will create additional friction against the rack's internal guide bushing or piston (power rack). Binding symptoms, probable causes, and solutions are explained in the following steps.

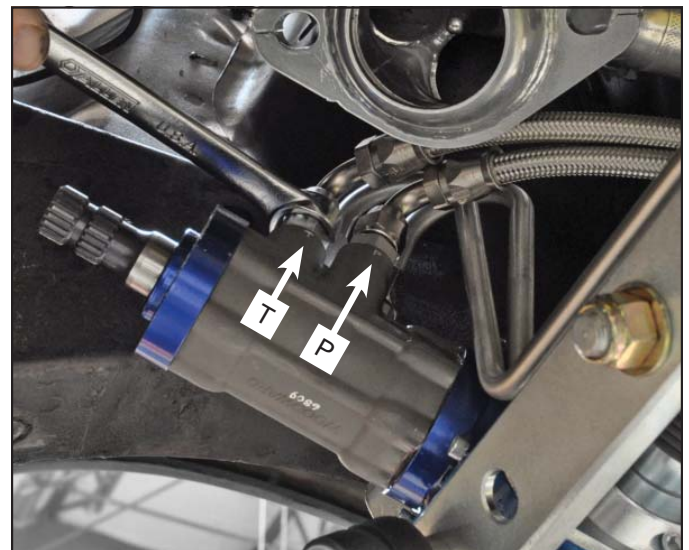
1. Using an even motion, turn the steering wheel from lock-to-lock. The amount of resistance should feel even from one end of the travel range to the other. Any noticeable increase or decrease in tension indicates a possible issue.
  - **Notchy feeling or bump every 1/8th turn** – The pinion set screw adjustment at the base of the pinion housing is too tight. Loosen the large lock nut (15/16" hex) surrounding the set screw (5/16" allen) at the bottom of the pinion housing. While lightly rocking the steering wheel back and forth, tighten the set screw until it is seated then loosen 1/4 turn. Hold the set screw in position with an allen wrench and tighten the lock nut. The steering should feel smooth and have 1/16" to 1/8" of play at the steering wheel. Too loose of an adjustment allows excessive play at the steering wheel. Too tight of an adjustment makes steering overly sensitive and can prevent the system from returning to center while driving.
  - **Notchy feeling or bump every 1/2 or 1/4 turn** – This usually indicates a binding condition at the intermediate steering shaft u-joints. Verify that the steering shafts do not extend into the open area of u-joint, causing it to bind.
  - **Gradual increase in resistance** - The rack tube may be slightly bent due to bracket misalignment. This must be corrected before proceeding.
  - **Light variations in tension** – This is very common and will smooth out once the internal guide bushings have developed wear patterns (approx. 1,000 miles); similar to piston rings seating within a cylinder.



2. Continue by tightening the passenger-side outer clamp to 13-15 lb-ft., and check for binding.
  - **Tightness near full-left lock (manual rack) or center of travel (power rack)** indicates that the passenger-side clamp has created one of the following issues.
    - The clamp is too tight and needs to be loosened slightly.
    - The clamp is not square to the bracket-side clamp. Check by measuring the gap at the opposite ends of the clamp.
    - There is debris, a burr, or other imperfection on the clamp or rack tube that must be removed.
    - Recheck for binding.
3. Tighten the two inner clamps to 13-15 lb-ft., and check for binding.
  - **Tightness near full-left lock (manual rack) or center of travel (power rack)** indicates that the passenger-side clamp has created one of the following issues.
    - The clamp is too tight and needs to be loosened slightly.
    - The clamp is not square to the bracket-side clamp. Check by measuring the gap at the opposite ends of the clamp.
    - There is debris, a burr, or other imperfection on the clamp or rack tube that must be removed.
    - Recheck for binding.

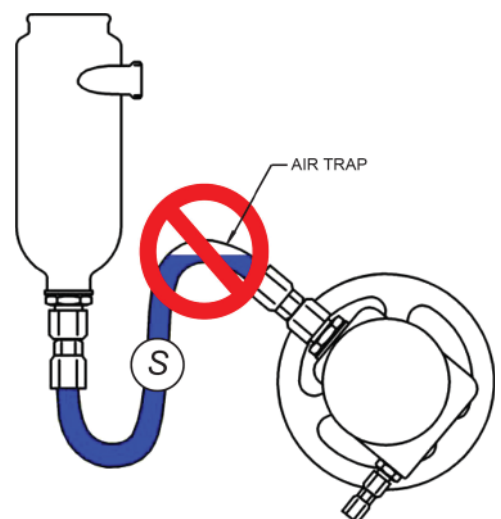
### Connect Power Steering Pump and Lines

4. The power steering pump must be installed before proceeding.
5. Instructions for assembly and installation of the TCP hose kit (TCP HOSE-XX), power steering pump (TCP PSP-FD), and bracket set (TCP PBS-FD-XX) are packaged with their respective kits.
6. Power steering hoses and fittings must meet or exceed a pressure rating of 2000 psi., and vacuum rating of 28 in./Hg to safely handle potential spikes in system pressure from wheel impacts and prevent the pump feed hose from collapsing during periods of high fluid demand.
7. When connecting hoses to the pump, rack-and-pinion control servo, and reservoir, carefully inspect all fittings and hose ends for defects or debris. Even minor damage, such as a nick or dent, on an exposed male fitting or tapered flare can prevent the fitting from forming a tight seal, resulting in a leak.



- The control servo ports are marked:
  - “P” for the high-pressure line from the pump output
  - “T” for the low-pressure return line to the reservoir

8. **Avoid Air Traps** - In general the Supply line (“S” in diagram) should be as short and direct as possible, but above all it must not trap air. A hose which approaches the pump from below and enters it from above—as in the illustration—will have an air pocket at the top of the bend, which de-priming the pump. The slightest high point in a level-appearing run of hose can trap air.



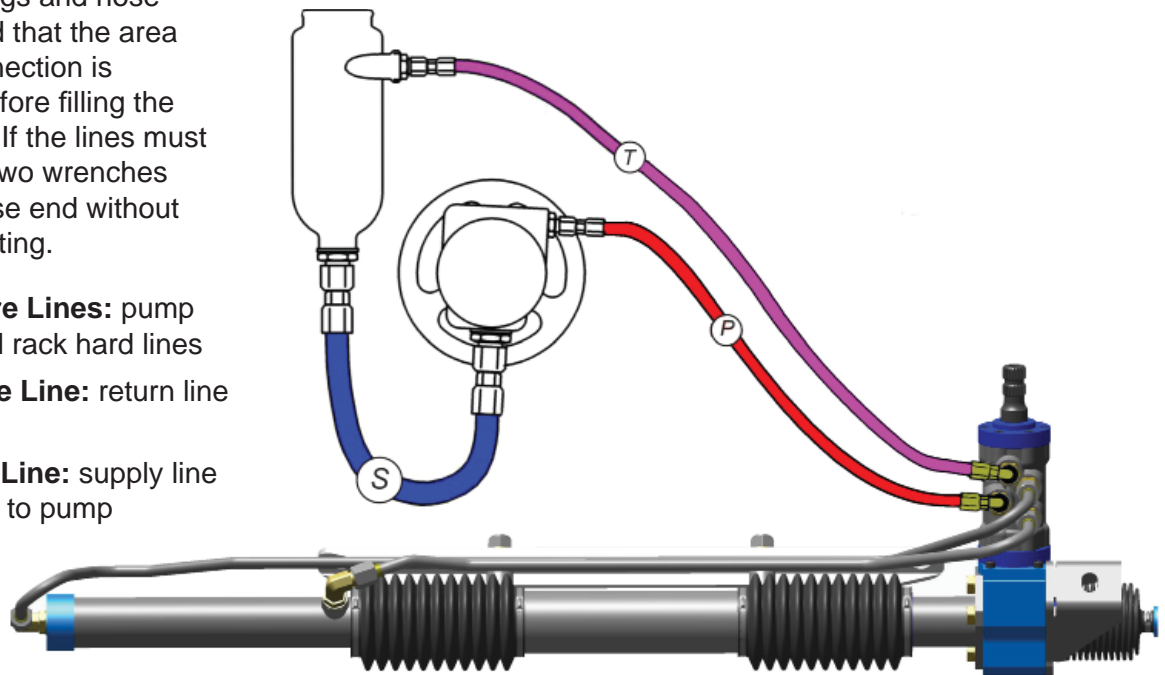


9. Verify that all fittings and hose ends are tight and that the area around each connection is completely dry before filling the system with fluid. If the lines must be removed use two wrenches to remove the hose end without unscrewing the fitting.

**High-Pressure Lines:** pump output (P) and rack hard lines

**Low-Pressure Line:** return line to reservoir

**No-Pressure Line:** supply line from reservoir to pump



### Fill the System with Fluid

10. Fill the reservoir using only petroleum based power steering fluid.

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11. Turn the steering wheel lock to lock repeatedly while maintaining the fluid level in the reservoir to fill the rack cylinder and hard lines. DO NOT start the engine at this time.
12. Verify that the power steering pump belt is correctly tensioned and then start the engine.
- Top off the fluid level immediately to replace the volume of fluid required to fill the hoses.
  - Operating the power steering pump without fluid will cause damage.
13. Turn the steering wheel lock to lock repeatedly to bleed air from the system.

### Check for Air in the System

14. With the reservoir cap removed, check the fluid returning to the reservoir for signs of air being introduced into the system. Potential causes can include the following:
- Splashing from fluid return can be eliminated by raising the fluid level.
  - Air drawn in from the reservoir feed line due to extremely low fluid level requires adding fluid.
  - Air drawn in through leaky fitting on feed line to pump. The fluid demand from the pump creates a low pressure condition that can suck in air if the fittings are not completely sealed.

## Check for Fluid Leaks

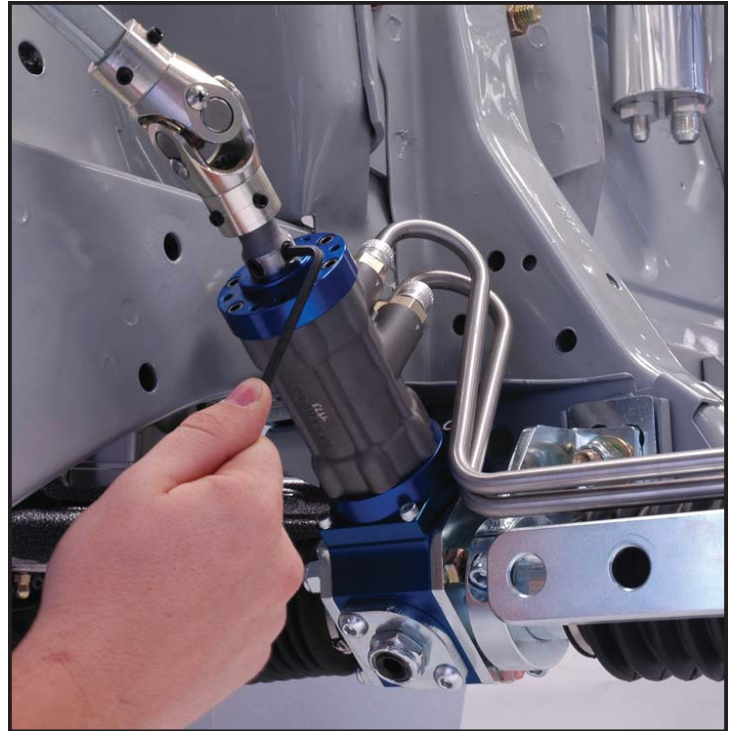
15. Each rack and pinion is factory tested at fluid pressure levels that exceed normal operating conditions.
16. Turn off the engine before checking the entire system for signs of leaking fluid.
17. Check each connection point on the reservoir, pump, and rack and pinion. Fix any leaks.
  - Hose to hose ends
  - Hose ends to fittings
  - Fittings to mounting bosses at the reservoir, pump, and rack.
  - Servo base to pinion housing

## Verify Steering Bias is Centered

18. With the engine running, lightly throw the steering wheel in either direction.
  - If the steering system continues to drift in that direction, the steering bias is offset and must be adjusted.
  - Conduct this test in both directions.

## Adjusting Steering Bias

- Prior to shipping servos are adjusted to provide centered or neutral steering effort for vehicles with symmetrical alignment settings. The vast majority of installations should retain the factory setting.
  - The control servo features two set screws, 90° apart, at the base of the pinion shaft to adjust steering bias. Each set screw is seated against a flat on the torsion bar within the pinion shaft and control servo. The torsion bar controls the operation of the spool valve that directs fluid to provide hydraulic assist. Offsetting the center position of the torsion bar by adjusting the set screws alters the balance of constant pressure directed to each side of the rack-and-pinion piston.
  - **ENGINE MUST BE OFF PRIOR TO ADJUSTING.**
  - (Perspective as viewed from underneath the rack and facing the front of the vehicle. The steering shaft must be rotated to position the set screws toward the bottom half of the shaft, closest to your vantage point.)
19. **If the steering wheel is drifting toward the left (counter clockwise)**, loosen the left set screw 1/12 of a turn, and then tighten the right set screw.
    - Start the engine and test steering bias.
  20. **If the steering wheel is drifting toward the right (clockwise)**, loosen the right set screw 1/12 of a turn, and then tighten the left set screw.
    - Start the engine and test steering bias.
  21. Verify that both set screws are tight. Any slack between the set-screw point and the torsion-bar flat will have a negative effect on steering performance, which may occur gradually or immediately.



## Tie-Rod Installation

22. Verify that the rack has full travel.
23. Turn the steering wheel to full left lock.
24. From one of the frame rails, measure the distance that the center link travels from full left to full right lock. The rack should travel 6-3/8".
25. If travel is less than 6-3/8", look for binding at the u-joints or with exhaust headers that may be limiting travel.

## Centering the Rack and Pinion

26. From full right lock, move the center link 3-3/16" toward the left. This is the rack and pinion's center of travel.
27. Tie-rod assemblies can now be installed as described in their respective installation guides (7903-TIER-XX).
28. Installation of inner tie rod requires use of vehicle specific tie-rod adapter packaged with rack and pinion.
29. Adjusting the tie-rods to correctly set the alignment toe must be done with the suspension fully weighted and the rack and pinion at its center of travel.
30. Recheck all hardware for each portion of the steering system (aftermarket and OEM) to ensure it has been tightened to the proper torque specification. The installation for the complete subframe connector package is complete.



**WARRANTY NOTICE:**

There are NO WARRANTIES, either expressed or implied. Neither the seller nor manufacturer will be liable for any loss, damage or injury, direct or indirect, arising from the use or inability to determine the appropriate use of any products. Before any attempt at installation, all drawings and/or instruction sheets should be completely reviewed to determine the suitability of the product for its intended use. In this connection, the user assumes all responsibility and risk. We reserve the right to change specification without notice. Further, Chris Alston's Chassisworks, Inc., makes **NO GUARANTEE** in reference to any specific class legality of any component. **ALL PRODUCTS ARE INTENDED FOR RACING AND OFF-ROAD USE AND MAY NOT BE LEGALLY USED ON THE HIGHWAY.** The products offered for sale are true race-car components and, in all cases, require some fabrication skill. **NO PRODUCT OR SERVICE IS DESIGNED OR INTENDED TO PREVENT INJURY OR DEATH.**

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